令和6年度 入学者選抜試験問題

語 英

実施日時:令和6年1月16日(火) 10:15~11:05

*下記の〈注意事項〉をよく読み、監督者の指示を待ちなさい。

〈注意事項〉

— 開始前 —

- 1. 監督者の〈開始〉の指示があるまで、この問題冊子の中を開けない。
- 2. 解答用紙には、解答欄のほかに下記2つの記入欄がある。その説明と解答 用紙の「**注意事項**」を読み、2項目の全てに記入またはマークする。
 - ・受験番号欄 上段に受験番号を左詰めで記入し、下欄にマークする。
 - ・氏名欄 氏名・フリガナを記入する。
- 3. 解答用紙に汚れがある場合には、挙手で監督者に知らせる。
- 4. この表紙の受験番号欄に受験番号を左詰めで記入する。

— 開始後 —

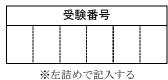
1. 問題は2ページから11ページまでの各ページに印刷されており、第1問~ 第3問の3題で構成されている。

開始後確認してページの落丁、乱丁、印刷不鮮明等がある場合は、挙手で 監督者に知らせる。

2. 解答は全て解答用紙の所定の欄へのマークによって行う。たとえば、 1 と表示のある問いに対して2と解答する場合は、次の〈例〉のように解答番 号1の解答欄②をマークする。

〈例〉			解	答	欄	
		1	2	3	4	5
	1	1	•	3	4	6

- 3. マークする際はHBの鉛筆でマーク欄を適切にマークすること。
- 4. 質問等がある場合は、挙手で監督者に知らせる。
- 5. 試験開始後の途中退室はできない。



(問題は次のページから始まる)

第1問	『 次の英文(問1~問 10)の空所に入れるものとして最も適当なものを、後の①~④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。
	(配点 20 点 (各 2 点))
問1	He speaks too fast 1 himself understood.
1	makes
2	making
3	to make
4	made
問 2	Look at that mountain 2 top is covered with snow.
1	which
2	whose
3	where
4	what
問3	You should know 3 to trust him.
1	better
2	better than
3	well
4	as well
問4	This movie looks very 4.
1	exciting
2	excited
3	excite
4	excites
問 5	5 this medicine, my brother would have died.
1	Besides
2	Without

③ Instead

Otherwise

問 6	I can play the piano better than I $\boxed{6}$.
1	would
2	used
3	used to
4	was used to
問 7	His sister 7 a shower just when he came home.
	takes
2	took
3	was taking
4	has taken
問8	He 8 himself on the bed quietly.
1	lie
2	lay
3	laid
4	lain
問 9	Please ask my friends 9 the story is true or not.
1	which
2	that
3	how
4	whether
問 10	He is taller than his brother 10 three inches.
1	on
2	by
3	for
(4)	with

第2問	次の英会	会話文の空所	ŕ (1)	\sim	(5)	に入れ	るも	ものる	とし	て最	も適当	なも	のを	<u> </u>	後の①
	~④の中か	ら一つずつ)選び	なさ	い。	(A	A=A	nd	lrew, C	C=C	hie)							
														(配点	30点	į (:	各 6	(点)

A: Happy birthday!

C: Thank you.

A: (1)

C: Oh, what a nice bouquet! These are lilies, aren't they?

A: Yes. By the way, do you know what lilies *signify?

C: (2)

A: Each flower has its own meaning. For example, red roses signify "love."

C: I see. In Japanese, such a meaning is called *Hanakotoba*.

A: That's right. Well, (3)

C: I guess it is "*purity."

A: You're right. (4)

C: Yay!

A: And in the case of these pink lilies, they also signify "wealth and prosperity."

C: That's great!

A: So this means, (5)

C: Thank you so much.

*signify:表す *purity:純粋

- (1) 11
 - ① I want you to present.
 - ② This is for you.
 - 3 Here we go.
 - 4 How do you do?
- (2) 12
 - ① What do we signify?
 - ② I don't know about it.
 - ③ I beg your pardon?
 - 4 What do you mean?
- (3) 13
 - ① I like such an expression in Japanese.
 - 2 how do you say lilies in Japanese?
 - 3 would you answer my question earlier?
 - 4 why do you think flowers are beautiful?
- (4) 14
 - ① It's what lilies signify mainly.
 - ② I can't make out what you said.
 - ③ I don't know whether it is right.
 - 4 I'm afraid lilies aren't beautiful.
- (5) 15
 - ① you will become even richer.
 - ② I wish you liked these flowers.
 - 3 you are beautiful and pretty.
 - 4 please stay healthy and active.

The older I get, the more I realize that routine is a very important part of life. I probably notice this more than other people because I work at home and tend to follow the same routine every day. My day usually starts at around 7am when I get up. I eat breakfast and read the newspaper from cover to cover, and then go for a long walk. I start work at around 10am, and work through to *1midday. I then have lunch, read a book and take a short (a)nap. I am back at my desk by 2pm and I work (1) 6pm, when I take a bath. After dinner I read or watch television (usually both). I go to bed at around midnight.

If anything happens to (b)<u>interrupt</u> this routine, it (P)[①leave ②tends ③feeling ④to ⑤me] a little tired. Of course, this does not mean that I don't like being tired. Meeting up with friends, visiting grandchildren, going out for meals, going for long drives; everything that does interrupt my routine is enjoyable, so I'm not complaining. But, the truth is, I always feel at my best when doing the same thing every day.

I have often wondered why routine is so important for not only human beings, but (2) for dogs, and maybe other animals. Our dog, when she was alive, loved routine. She wanted to eat at the same time every day. She wanted to go for a walk at the same time every day. She wanted to go to bed at the same time every day. If any of (i)these were delayed, she would sit in front of me and stare into my eyes, as if telling me to hurry up. I have also read that routine is very important for babies and young children. (X)They become unhappy if the same things don't happen at the same time every day. Having considered all this, I decided that we probably have a memory from ancient times, when leaving the home for hunting or traveling was full (3) danger. The only things that people did not fear were the routine matters that they took care of every day. They therefore found comfort in routine and were afraid of the unexpected.

But, routine can also result in (c)<u>boredom</u>. Doing the same things every day — especially uninteresting things, like cooking or the laundry — is not much fun. When I considered this, I noticed that the things that (Q) [①are ②happy ③make ④every day ⑤me] not just the routine things, but the routine things that I enjoy. In other words, an enjoyable routine produces happiness.

In his book, *The Conquest of Happiness*, Bertrand Russell says that happiness cannot be obtained without (d)<u>effort</u>. Personally, I don't agree (4) this. It assumes that happiness is a single thing, and that one must work hard to obtain this single thing. In my own opinion, happiness is not a single thing. It is a collection of many small things that bring enjoyment on a daily, routine basis. People think that money will bring them happiness. People think that marriage will bring them happiness. People think that freedom from worry will bring them happiness. Although I am sure that all of (ii)these may result in feeling happy, this feeling only

lasts for a limited period of time. Once one has become used to the situation, the sense of happiness becomes weaker.

The word "happiness" in English is an uncountable *2noun. (Y)<u>This</u>, I believe, is a mistake. I think that it should be a countable noun. In my opinion, overall happiness can only be obtained by (e)<u>gathering</u> together as many small daily happinesses (5) possible. The more small daily happinesses a person has, the happier he or she will be. But, it is also necessary, I believe, to be aware of being happy while enjoying these small happinesses. If one is not aware of them, they simply become a part of the daily routine.

(以下省略)

("A State of Mind" by Christopher Belton)

*語釈

1 midday: 正午 2 noun: 名詞

問1 下線部(a) \sim (e)の意味として最も適当なものを、次の① \sim ④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。 (配点 各 2 点)

(a) <u>r</u>	nap	16
1	short sleep	o
2	strike	
3	break	
4	long rest	
(b) <u>i</u>	<u>nterrupt</u>	17
1	give up	
2	finish	
3	prevent	
4	insert	
(c) <u>b</u>	oredom_	18
1	interest	
2	dullness	
3	pleasure	
4	calm	
(d) <u>e</u>	effort	19
1	challenge	
2	struggle	
3	power	
4	money	
(e) <u>e</u>	athering	20
1	finding	
2	preparing	
(3)	iointing	

4 collecting

問2 空所(1) ~ (5)	に入れるものとして	て最	も適当なものを、	欠の①	~④の中から一つ
ずつ選び	なさい。						(配点 各2点)
(1) ① by	21	2	until	3	in	4	at
(2) ① not	22	2	nothing	3	anything	4	also
(3) ① of	23	2	by	3	with	4	in
(4) ① fro		2	for	3	by	4	with
(5) ① in	25	2	as	3	with	4	on
問3 下線部	5(X)(Y)の内容と	こして	「最も適当なものを、	次位	の①~④の中から-	一つず	う選びなさい。 (配点 各3点)
2 the3 babi	nan beings, do same things les and young eral people		d other animals				
② the ③ Eng	incountable no word "happine lish "happiness" i	ess"	countable				

問4 文中(P) [①leave ②tends ③feeling ④to ⑤me] の [] 内の語を並べかえて正しい英文 にするとき、3 番目にくる語を、①~⑤の中から一つ選びなさい。

28

(配点 3点)

問5 文中(Q) [①are ②happy ③make ④every day ⑤me] の [] 内の語(句)を並べかえて 正しい英文にするとき、3番目にくる語(句)を、①~⑤の中から一つ選びなさい。

29

(配点 3点)

問6 下線部(i)these の説明として本文の内容にあてはまらないものを、次の①~④の中から一つ 選びなさい。

30

(配点 3点)

- ① 毎日同時刻に目を覚ますこと
- ② 毎日同時刻に餌を食べること
- ③ 毎日同時刻に散歩をすること
- ④ 毎日同時刻に眠りにつくこと
- 問7 下線部(ii)these の説明として**本文の内容にあてはまらないもの**を、次の①~④の中から一つ 選びなさい。

31

(配点 3点)

- ① 十分なお金があること
- ② 良い人と結婚すること
- ③ やりがいのある仕事に就くこと
- ④ 心配事から解放されること

問8 本文の内容に合うように、 (1) ~ (3) の英文の空所を補うものとして最も適当なものを、次の①
~④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。
(配点 各 4 点)
(1) The author feels at his best when ().
32
① he takes a walk with his dog
② he has delicious foods
3 he earns a lot of money
4 he follows the same routine
(2) The book of Bertrand Russell says that ().
33
① we feel happy when we leave our home
② money and marriage will bring us happiness
③ we must work hard to obtain happiness
4 happiness lasts for a limited period of time
(3) If you want to be happy, ().
34
① you need to be conscious of your current happiness
② you have to do the same routine every day
3 you must gather small happiness all the time
you should think you are not very happy now
C Jon and diminifor and not lost mappy non

独立行政法人国立病院機構 附属看護(助産)学校 令和6年度 入学者選抜試験問題

英語【解答用紙】

		フリガナ		i
受験校	受験番号	氏名		 /10

第1問(配点20点)

	1	2	3	4	5
解答	3	2	2	1	2
配点	2	2	2	2	2

	6	7	8	9	10
解答	3	3	3	4	2
配点	2	2	2	2	2

第2問(配点30点)

	11	12	13	14	15
解答	2	4	3	1	1
配点	6	6	6	6	6

第3問(配点50点)

			問 1		
	16	17	18	19	20
解答	1	3	2	2	4
配点	2	2	2	2	2

	問 2						
	21	22	23	24	25		
解答	2	4	1	4	2		
配点	2	2	2	2	2		

	問 3		問 4	問 5	問 6	問 7
	26	27	28	29	30	31
解答	3	4	1	2	1	3
配点	3	3	3	3	3	3

	問 8					
	32	33	34			
解答	4	3	1			
配点	4	4	4			